



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

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	APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR			ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	
	08/877,	155 06/1	7797	CURMIER		[Y]	ARUZ466RI
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	- D BYRON MILLER			QM31/0814 →		EXAMINER FINKEL, S	
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		E MILL ROA			Γ	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
	PALO ALTO CA 94303-0802					3734	

DATE MAILED:

08/14/98

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks



Application No. 08/877,155

o. Applicant(s)

Office Action Summary Exam

Cormier et al

Examiner

Group Art Unit

	Sharon Finkel	3734	
Responsive to communication(s) filed on			•
☐ This action is FINAL .			
Since this application is in condition for allowance excellent in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle,	•	n as to the me	erits is closed
A shortened statutory period for response to this action is is longer, from the mailing date of this communication. Fa application to become abandoned. (35 U.S.C. § 133). Ex 37 CFR 1.136(a).	ilure to respond within the period	I for response	will cause the
Disposition of Claims			
	is/are p	ending in the	application.
Of the above, claim(s)	is/are wi	thdrawn from	consideration.
☐ Claim(s)		/are allowed.	
Claim(s)		/are rejected.	
Claim(s)			to.
Application Papers See the attached Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Draftsperson's Pate	is approved on the Examiner. is approved one. ority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(a) ority of the priority documents have all Number) on the International Bureau (PCT F	ve been _ · Rule 17.2(a)).	
Attachment(s) Notice of References Cited, PTO-892 Information Disclosure Statement(s), PTO-1449, Page Interview Summary, PTO-413 Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review, PTO-152	ГО-948		
SEE OFFICE ACTION	ON THE FOLLOWING PAGES		

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DETAILED ACTION

Election/Restriction

1. Restriction to one of the following inventions is required under 35 U.S.C. 121:

- I. Claims 1-5, 10-29 and 34-45, drawn to a sheet having an opening and blades attached thereto, and at least one blade having an anchor, classified in class 411, subclass 457+.
- II. Claims 6, 7, 30 and 31, drawn to the intermediate product of Group I in combination with a therapeutic agent for delivery to an object, classified in class 604, subclass 22.
- III. Claims 8, 9, 32, 33, 50, 51 and 52, drawn to the intermediate product of Group I in combination with a sampling device for removing a selected substance from an object for testing, classified in class 600, subclass 309+.
- IV. Claims 46-49, drawn to a method of making the device of Group I,comprising spray etching a photo-resist material, classified in class 216, subclass42.
- 2. Inventions I and II are related as mutually exclusive species in an intermediate-final product relationship. Distinctness is proven for claims in this relationship if the intermediate product is useful to make other than the final product (MPEP § 806.04(b), 3rd paragraph), and the species are patentably distinct (MPEP § 806.04(h)). In the instant case, the intermediate product is deemed to be useful as generically useful prong connectors, for electrical devices, construction devices (carpet tacking, for eg.,), attaching electrodes to the heart, acupuncture, etc.,

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and the inventions are deemed patentably distinct since there is nothing on this record to show them to be obvious variants. Should applicant traverse on the ground that the species are not patentably distinct, applicant should submit evidence or identify such evidence now of record showing the species to be obvious variants or clearly admit on the record that this is the case. In either instance, if the examiner finds one of the inventions anticipated by the prior art, the evidence or admission may be used in a rejection under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) of the other invention.

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- 3. Inventions I and III are related as mutually exclusive species in an intermediate-final product relationship. Distinctness is proven for claims in this relationship if the intermediate product is useful to make other than the final product (MPEP § 806.04(b), 3rd paragraph), and the species are patentably distinct (MPEP § 806.04(h)). In the instant case, the intermediate product is deemed to be useful as generically useful prong connectors, such as for electrical devices, construction assembly (carpet tacking, eg.,), attaching electrodes to the heart, acupuncture, etc., and the inventions are deemed patentably distinct since there is nothing on this record to show them to be obvious variants. Should applicant traverse on the ground that the species are not patentably distinct, applicant should submit evidence or identify such evidence now of record showing the species to be obvious variants or clearly admit on the record that this is the case. In either instance, if the examiner finds one of the inventions anticipated by the prior art, the evidence or admission may be used in a rejection under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) of the other invention.
- 4. Inventions IV and I are related as process of making and product made. The inventions are distinct if either or both of the following can be shown: (1) that the process as claimed can be

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used to make other and materially different product or (2) that the product as claimed can be made by another and materially different process (MPEP § 806.05(f)). In the instant case the product as claimed can be made by other methods such as adhesively bonding the prongs to a substrate, and thereafter punching at least one hole through the substrate.

5. Because these inventions are distinct for the reasons given above and have acquired a separate status in the art as shown by their different classification, restriction for examination purposes as indicated is proper.

- 6. Because these inventions are distinct for the reasons given above and the search required for Group IV is not required for Groups I, II and III, restriction for examination purposes as indicated is proper.
- 7. Because these inventions are distinct for the reasons given above and have acquired a separate status in the art because of their recognized divergent subject matter, restriction for examination purposes as indicated is proper.

Additional Species Restriction

8. This application contains claims directed to the following patentably distinct species of the claimed Group I invention: generically, prongs having different attachment means, the species comprising those set forth in claim 2, such as barbs, projections, adhesive on at least one blade, blades having different oriented axes, &c.

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9. Applicant is required under 35 U.S.C. 121 to elect a single disclosed species for prosecution on the merits to which the claims shall be restricted if no generic claim is finally held to be allowable. Currently, claim 1 is generic.

- 10. Applicant is advised that a response to this requirement must include an identification of the species that is elected consonant with this requirement, and a listing of all claims readable thereon, including any claims subsequently added. An argument that a claim is allowable or that all claims are generic is considered nonresponsive unless accompanied by an election.
- 11. Upon the allowance of a generic claim, applicant will be entitled to consideration of claims to additional species which are written in dependent form or otherwise include all the limitations of an allowed generic claim as provided by 37 CFR 1.141. If claims are added after the election, applicant must indicate which are readable upon the elected species. MPEP § 809.02(a).
- 12. Should applicant traverse on the ground that the species are not patentably distinct, applicant should submit evidence or identify such evidence now of record showing the species to be obvious variants or clearly admit on the record that this is the case. In either instance, if the examiner finds one of the inventions unpatentable over the prior art, the evidence or admission may be used in a rejection under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) of the other invention.
- 13. A telephone call was made to D. Bryon Miller on August 4, 1998 to request an oral election to the above restriction requirement, but did not result in an election being made.
- 14. Applicant is advised that the reply to this requirement to be complete must include an election of the invention to be examined even though the requirement be traversed (37 CFR 1.143).

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fee required under 37 CFR 1.17(I).

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15. Applicant is reminded that upon the cancellation of claims to a non-elected invention, the inventorship must be amended in compliance with 37 CFR 1.48(b) if one or more of the currently named inventors is no longer an inventor of at least one claim remaining in the application. Any amendment of inventorship must be accompanied by a petition under 37 CFR 1.48(b) and by the

16. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Sharon Finkel whose telephone number is (703) 305-0154.

sef

August 4, 1998

WYNN WOOD COGGINS SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER